(b) the index of industrial and agricultural production separately with 1970-71 as the base for all the States during the same period; and

(c) whether their has been a regional variance indicating an imbalance in development; if so, the details thereof and corrective steps taken?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI MADHAVSINH SOLANKI): (a) A statement giving the detail of Per Capita Net State Domestic Product (NSDP) at Constant Prices (1970-71) is enclosed [*See* Appendix CLI, Annexure No. 99].

(b) State-wise indices of net output of agriculture and manufacturing (based on their contribution to NSDP) with 1970-71 as the base, are presented in Statements 2 and 3 respectively [*See* Appendix CLI, Annexure No. 100]. The same are not available for 1988.

(c) Regional disparity in per capita net State Domestic Product (NSDP) has tended to persist over the years, in spite of the fact that there has been a growth in the real per capita NSDP even in case of the poorest of the poor States.

The Central Government have taken several steps to improve the position of such States. The important measures among these are given below:—

(i) Transfer of resources from the Central Government to the State Governments for meeting their plan expenditure according to a formula which is weighed in favour of the backward States whose per capita income is below the national average.

(ii) Devolution of non-plan resources which favours the backward States and seeks to reduce disparity between the States in addition to covering the revenue gap.

(iii) Providing Special Central Assistance for the development of backward areas in the States such as, hill areas, desert areas, drought prone areas and also areas having concentration of tribal population.

(iv) Providing special incentives in the form of investment subsidy and concessional finance for accelerating the industrial development of the industrially backward regions in the States; and

(v) While making state-wise allocation of resources under poverty alleviation programmes more emphasis is being given to the incidence of poverty during the 7th Plan as compared to that in 6th Plan.

Import of 3rd generation antibiotic drugs

1544. SHRI CHANDRIKA PRASAD TRIPATHI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of 3rd generation antibiotic drugs, imported in finished form, by the multinational drugs companies;

(b) what was the quantity and value of imports of each during the last three years, yearwise;

(c) what is the price at which each of these medicines are being sold at present;

(d) whether it is a fact that the prices of these medicines are very high on account of procurement from their principals;

(e) if so, the names of the each importing Company and what is the source of import and the name of the supplier;

(f) whether it is a fact that Government recommended exemption of customs duty on these medicines; and

(g) if so, the names of the medicines where customs duty was exempted?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM): (a) Ceftazidime Pentahydrate, a third generation Cephalosporin, is imported in finished form.

(b) There is only import of finished formulation based on Ceftazidime Penta-

hydrate, of which quantity and value is given as below:—

Quantity	c.i.f. value (in Rs.)
35,000 vials x 500 mg.	22,68,210
14,000 vials x 250 mg.	4,53,642
95,000 vials x 1 gm.	122,87,270

(c) to (e) The sale price of this drug is Rs. 163.45/gm. vial. The drug is imported by M/s. Glindia Limited from M/s. Glaxo Exports, U.K.

(f) and (g) Ceftazidime Pantahydrate and Cataloxime Sodium are exempted from Custom duty.

Representation against selection by public enterprises selection board

1545. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 3098 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 6th December, 1988 and state:

(a) whether Government have since looked into the specific allegations made in the communications received from three Members of Parliament regarding selection of personnel for textile industry;

(b) if so, the results of enquiries made in this regard;

(c) whether it was also alleged in the communications that some papers of the concerned department's files had been destroyed;

(d) if so, whether any CBI enquiry has been requested in the matter;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and

(f) what further action is proposed to be taken?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Ministry of Textiles has stated that the specific allegations pertaining to these appointments were looked into and were found baseless.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) to (f) Does not arise in view of (c) above.

Corruption in PFA department

1546. SHRI D. B. CHANDRE GOWDA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Questions 2128 and 3210 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 29th November, 1988 and the 28th March, 1989, respectively, and state:

(a) whether it is a fact that report to police about prevention and physical restraint was not lodged by the raiding party of the department of PFA, Delhi Administration, Delhi on 2-11-88 against traders of Katra Ishwar Bhavan, Delhi;

(b) if so, whether the Secretary of Traders, Association of Khari Baoli adjacent to Katra Ishwar Bhawan, made corruption allegations against the raiding party on the 5th November, 1988;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) whether Governmnt propose to hold vigilance inquiry into the matter; if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM): (a) Yes, Sir. The team which went to Katra Ishwar Bhawan on 2.11.1988 was gheraod by large number of traders and others. The situation was tense and the local (Health) Authority present on the spot were advised not to take samples on that day.

(b) to (d) According to the information received from Delhi Administration who are administering the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act in I.T. of Delhi a raiding party consisting of one local (Health) Authority and 5 food inspectors visited the shop of Ashok Kumar and